Name:	Period:		
Rock Identity Crisis - AKA	The Rock Cycle - 2 Day Lab		
The earth is made up of three types of rocks. The the earth's natural processes. This recycling processek may take different routes but for each rock Different routes through the Rock Cycle make the your rock on its journey through the Rock Cycle, f	type there is a specific process and energy flow. E wide variety of rocks that you see. As you take		
Phenomenon Answers: What are the similarities and differences of the r	rocks?		
Why would artists choose these rocks as their me	edium? Explain your reasoning.		
Can rocks change over time? Explain your answer.			
Part I: The Rock Cycle Basics - In the boxes belo stage of its first journey.	w, using colored pencils, draw your rock at each		
Stage 1: Sediments	Stage 2: Sedimentary Rock		
Stage 3: Metamorphic Rock	Stage 4: Igneous Rock		

Part II: Your Rock's Journey Begins

Roll #	Rock Type	What Happened to Your Rock? (Think Recycling)	Where Did the Energy Come From?
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

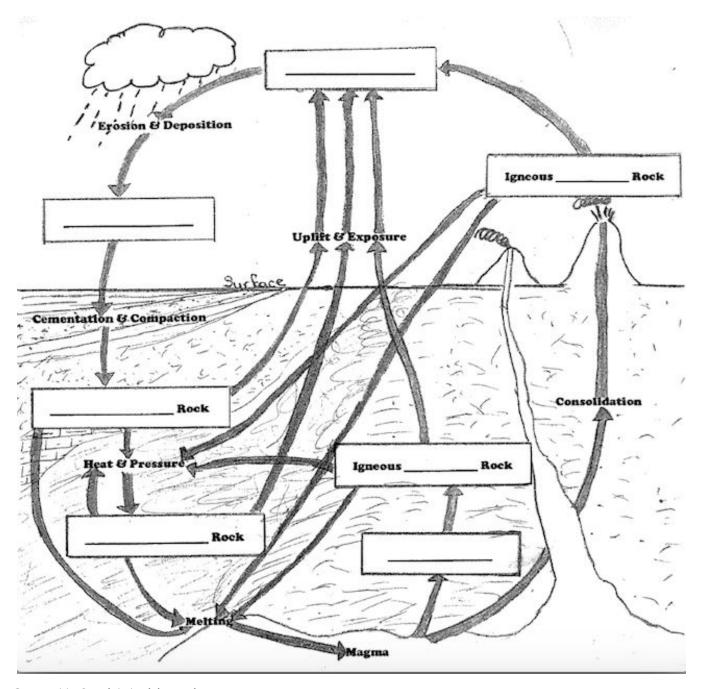
Conclusion Questions

1	. Write a short pa	aragraph de	escribing your ro	ock's journey.	At least	1 sentence per roll.

- 2. Compare your rock's journey with your neighbor's. Explain the similarities and the differences.
- 3. What are the two sources of the energy in the rock cycle?
- 4. Explain the relationship between energy flow and matter cycling.
- 5. How does our model differ from the real rock cycle in nature? (Using Candy does not count.)

Part III: Rock Cycle Labels

Use the following terms to fill in the blanks on the rock cycle image below: weathering, crystallization, sediments, metamorphic, extrusive, intrusive, and sedimentary.



Part IV: Real World Applications

- 6. After learning about the Rock Cycle, what qualities are artists looking for in rocks for their medium?
- 7. What are some other applications humans have used rocks for?

Part V: Quiz - Apply what you learned

- 8. Go to your teacher to receive two rock samples and a geology handbook.
- 9. Draw each rock sample below and write down qualitative observations of each rock sample.

10. Using the knowledge you have gained in the last two days, create a model of the rock cycle path each of your rock samples took. Be sure to identify the rock sample as being metamorphic, igneous, or sedimentary. Explain your reasoning.